

3- Commensalism (+,0)

An association between two organisms in which one benefits and the other neither benefit nor harm.



4- Competition (-,-)

Competition is an interaction between organisms or species in which both the species are harmed. Limited supply of at least one resource (such as food, water, and territory) used by both can be a factor.

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5- Amensalism (-,0)

Amensalism is any relationship between organisms of different species in which one organism is inhibited or destroyed while the other organism remains unaffected.

Penicillin is produced by penicillium fungi that grow on bread and prevent bacteria from growing.

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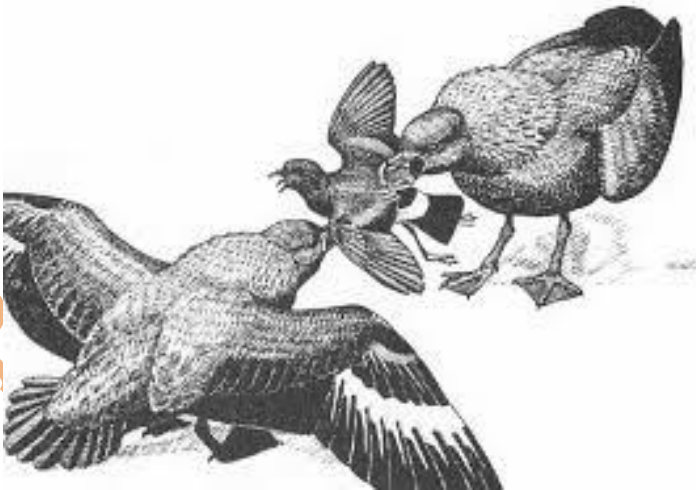


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6- Predation (+,-)

A relationship between two species of animals in a community, in which one (the *predator*) hunts, kills, and eats the other (the *prey*).



7- Parasitism (+,-)

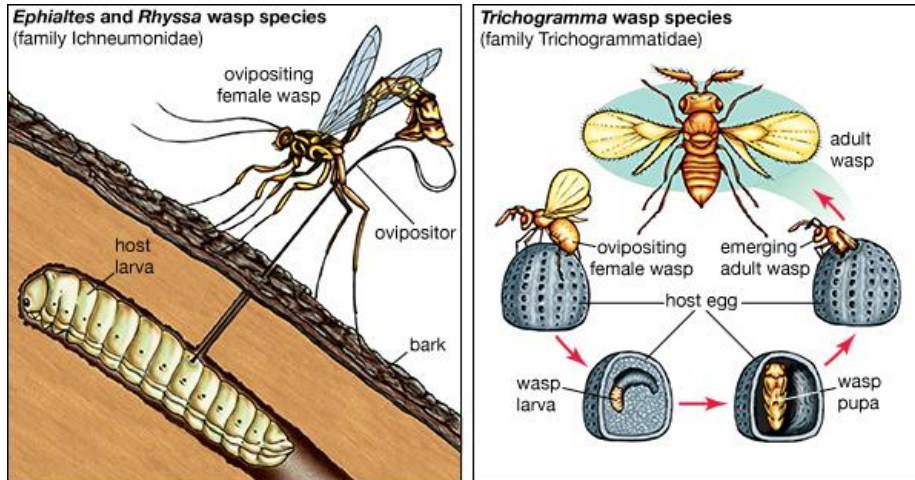
Parasitism is a non-mutual symbiotic relationship between species, where one species, the parasite, benefits at the expense of the other, the host. Traditionally parasite (in biological usage) referred primarily to organisms visible to the naked eye, or macroparasites (such as helminths).



8- Parasitoidism (+,-)

A parasitoid is an organism that spends a significant portion of its life history attached to or within a single host organism in a relationship that is in essence

parasitic; unlike a true parasite, however, it ultimately sterilizes or kills and sometimes eats the host.



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